

GENERAL ARTICLE

ARTICLE

RE: Amend General Bylaw Article XIV, Section 6, Burlington Stormwater Management Bylaw.

To see if the Town will vote to amend the General Bylaws Article XIV, Section 6 by replacing the section in its entirety. Or take any action relative thereto.

6.0 Stormwater and ~~Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~

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Regulation of discharges is necessary for the protection of the Town of Burlington water bodies and groundwater as well as for safeguarding the public health, safety, welfare, and the environment. Increased and contaminated stormwater runoff associated with development and redevelopment projects and the accompanying increase in impervious surface are major causes of impairment, including

- a. impairment of water quality and flow in lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, wetlands and groundwater;
- b. contamination of drinking water supplies;
- c. alteration or destruction of aquatic and wildlife habitat;
- d. flooding;
- e. erosion of stream channels; and
- f. overloading or clogging of municipal catch basins and storm drainage systems.

This Bylaw establishes stormwater-management standards to minimize adverse impacts that would be borne by abutters, townspeople and the general public and complies with all the applicable state and Federal statutes and regulations detailed in subsequent sections of this Bylaw.

6.1 Definitions

ABBREVIATED ~~STORMWATER EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL~~ PERMIT: An administratively issued permit issued for a land-disturbing activity equal to or greater than 5,000 square feet equal to or greater than 10,000 square feet, but less than 1520,000 square feet or that results in an increase in impervious area of 500 square feet up to 900 square feet.

ABUTTER: The owner(s) of land abutting or within three hundred feet of the activity.

ALTERATION OF DRAINAGE CHARACTERISTICS: Any activity on an area of land that changes the water quality, force, direction, timing, or location of runoff from a pre-activity condition. Such changes from a pre-activity condition may include: change from distributed runoff to confined discrete point discharges, change in the volume of runoff from the area, change in the peak rate of runoff from the area, and change in the recharge to groundwater on the area.

APPLICANT: Any person, individual, partnership, association, firm, company, corporation, trust, authority, agency, department, or political subdivision, of the Commonwealth or the Federal government to the extent permitted by law requesting a soil erosion and sedimentation control permit for proposed land-disturbance activity.

AS-BUILT DRAWING: Drawings that completely record and document applicable aspects and features of conditions of a project following construction using Stormwater Management Plans derived from an erosion and sedimentation control permit.

AUTHORIZED ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES: The Burlington Conservation Commission is the lead agency with authority given by this Bylaw to promulgate regulations and policies that support the goals and objectives of this Bylaw. The Burlington Conservation Commission, its employees or agents, ~~and the Burlington Planning Board, its employees or agents will~~ share the administration and enforcement of this Bylaw as detailed herein.

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP): An activity, procedure, restraint, or structural improvement that helps reduce the quantity or improve the quality of stormwater runoff. It shall also include schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, general good housekeeping practices, pollution prevention and educational practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants directly or indirectly to stormwater, receiving waters, or stormwater conveyance systems.

COMMON PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT: A contiguous area where multiple separate and distinct construction activities may be taking place at different times on different schedules under one plan.

CONSTRUCTION AND WASTE MATERIALS: Excess or discarded building or site materials, including, but not limited to, concrete truck washout, chemicals, litter, and sanitary waste at a construction site that may adversely impact water quality.

CLEARING: Any activity that removes the vegetative surface cover.

DEVELOPMENT: The modification of land to accommodate a new use, revised use, or expansion of use, usually involving construction.

DISTURBANCE: Action to alter the existing vegetation and/or underlying soil of a site, such as clearing, grading, site preparation (e.g., excavating, cutting, and filling), soil compaction and movement and stockpiling of topsoils.

EROSION: The wearing away of the land surface by natural or artificial forces such as wind, water, ice, gravity, or vehicle traffic and the subsequent detachment and transportation of soil particles.

FILL: Fill means soil, sediments, rock and/or stone obtained off-site that is used to fill holes or depressions, create mounds, or otherwise artificially change the grade or elevation of real property.

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~~STORMWATER AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN: A document containing narrative, drawings and details developed by a qualified professional engineer (PE), a Certified Professional in Erosion and Sedimentation Control (CPESC) or other qualified professional, which includes best management practices, or equivalent measures designed to control surface runoff, erosion and sedimentation during pre-construction and construction related land-disturbing activities.~~

~~EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PERMIT: A permit with conditions upon a proposed land-disturbing activity issued by either the Burlington Conservation Commission or Burlington Planning Board under this Bylaw.~~

~~STORMWATER AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL APPLICATION~~

~~PACKAGE: The application materials consisting of a Stormwater Management Plan, an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan, and an Operation and Maintenance Plan submitted to either the Burlington Conservation Commission or Burlington Planning Board (as stipulated within this Bylaw) requesting an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit.~~

GRADING: Changing the level or shape of the ground surface contour by means of excavation, fill, in-place ground modification, or any combination thereof, including the establishment of a grade following demolition of a structure.

GRUBBING: The act of clearing land surface by digging up roots and stumps.

IMPERVIOUS SURFACE: Any surface that prevents or significantly impedes the infiltration of water into the underlying soil. This can include, but is not limited to: roads, driveways, parking areas and other areas created using non-porous material; buildings, rooftops, structures, artificial turf and compacted gravel or soil.

LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITY: Any activity that causes a change in the existing soil cover which includes the position or location of soil, sand, rock, gravel, or similar earth material. Land-disturbing activities include, but are not limited to, clearing, grading, filling, and excavation. ~~Landscaping activities which involve greater than or equal to 500 square feet are considered a land disturbing activity and may be the subject of enforcement action under this Bylaw. Routine landscaping activities which involve less than 500 square feet are not considered a land disturbing activity for the purposes of this Bylaw.~~

LAND IN AGRICULTURAL USE: Normal maintenance and improvement of land in agricultural or aquacultural use as defined by the Wetlands Protection Act regulation 310 CMR 10.4.

LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT (LID): An ecosystem-based approach to land development and stormwater management that ensures each development site is designed to protect, or restore, the natural hydrology of the site. This can be achieved by the incorporation of non-structural and natural approaches to new and redevelopment projects to reduce adverse effects on water quality and the natural environment by conserving natural areas, reducing impervious cover, and better integrating stormwater treatments.

MASSACHUSETTS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POLICY: The Policy issued by the Department of Environmental Protection, as amended, that coordinates the requirements prescribed by state regulations promulgated under the authority of the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act G.L. c. 131 §. 40 and Massachusetts Clean Waters Act G.L. c. 21, §. 23-56. The Policy addresses impacts through implementation of performance standards to reduce or prevent pollutants from reaching water bodies and to control the quantity of runoff from a site.

MILL AND OVERLAY: A street maintenance technique that requires the removal of the top layer (two inches) of a street by the grinding action of a large milling machine. After the top layer is removed, a new layer of bituminous pavement is put in its place.

MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4): The municipal storm drain system is the system of conveyances designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater, including any road with a drainage system, street, gutter, curb, inlet, piped storm drain, pumping facility, retention or detention basin, natural or man-made or altered drainage channel, reservoir, and other drainage

structure that together comprise the storm drainage system owned or operated by the Town of Burlington.

NEW DEVELOPMENT: Any construction activities or land alteration on an area that has not previously been developed to include impervious cover.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN: A plan setting up the functional, financial, and organizational mechanisms for the ongoing operation and maintenance of a stormwater management system to ensure it continues to function as designed.

OWNER: A person with a legal or equitable interest in the property.

PHASING: Clearing a parcel of land in distinct phases, with the stabilization of each phase completed before the clearing of the next.

PERSON: An individual, partnership, association, firm, company, trust, corporation, agency, authority, department or political subdivision of the Commonwealth or the Federal government; to the extent permitted by law, and any officer, employee, or agent of such person.

PLAN: A technical drawing that shows details of how a building or site will be built or developed.

PRE-CONSTRUCTION: All activity in preparation for construction.

REDEVELOPMENT: Any construction, land alteration or improvement of impervious surfaces that does not meet the definition of new development.

RESPONSIBLE PARTY: Any entity holding the fee title to the property or other person contracted or obligated by other agreement to implement and maintain pre- and post-construction stormwater BMPs.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER: Professional Engineer means a person who has been duly registered as an Engineer by the Massachusetts Board of Registration of Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors and who holds a current License to practice.

ROUTINE LANDSCAPING ACTIVITY: Maintenance of existing landscaping, gardens, or lawn areas associated with a single-family dwelling conducted in such a way as not to cause alteration of existing grades by more than six (6) inches one foot in elevation, or alteration of drainage patterns, or a nuisance, provided that such maintenance is and does not adding new Impervious Surface to the Site, not to include sheds.

RUNOFF: Rainfall, snowmelt, or irrigation water flowing over the ground surface.

SEDIMENT: Mineral or organic soil material that is the product of erosion processes and is transported by wind or water from its origin to another location.

SEDIMENTATION: The process or act of deposition of sediment.

SITE: Any lot or parcel of land or area of property where land-disturbing activities are, were, or will be performed.

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SLOPE: The incline of a ground surface expressed as a ratio of horizontal distance to vertical distance.

SOIL: Any earth, sand, rock, gravel, clay or similar material.

STABILIZATION: The use, singly or in combination, of mechanical, structural, or vegetative methods; to prevent or retard erosion.

STANDARD ~~STORMWATER EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL~~ PERMIT: A permit issued under this Bylaw containing a standard set of conditions requiring best management practices be implemented to prevent erosion and sedimentation from the site. This permit applies to sites proposing a land-disturbing activity that results in an increase of impervious area of 900 square feet or greater and/or disturbs more than 15,000 square feet and/or involves construction of a single-family house or larger of greater than 20,000 square feet or greater than 500 cubic yards.

STORMWATER: Rainwater runoff, snow melt runoff, and surface water runoff and drainage.

STORMWATER AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN: A document containing narrative, drawings and details developed by a qualified professional engineer (PE), a Certified Professional in Erosion and Sedimentation Control (CPESC) or other qualified professional, which includes best management practices, or equivalent measures designed to control surface runoff, erosion and sedimentation during pre-construction and construction related land-disturbing activities.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN: A plan showing existing and proposed features on a site. This is required as part of the application for a Stormwater and a Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit. See Section 6.6.2.

STORMWATER PERMIT APPLICATION PACKAGE: The application materials consisting of a Stormwater Management Plan, an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan, and an Operation and Maintenance Plan submitted to the Burlington Conservation Commission requesting an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit.

STRIP: Any activity which removes the vegetative ground surface cover, including tree removal, clearing, grubbing, and storage or removal of topsoil.

TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD (TMDL): Is a calculation of the maximum amount of a pollutant a waterbody can receive and still meet water quality standards and an allocation of that amount to the pollutant's sources. A TMDL includes load allocations for nonpoint sources and/or natural background and must include a margin of safety and account for seasonal variations.

TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS (TSS): Total Suspended Solids is a water quality measurement that includes particles suspended in water that will not pass through a filter.

WATERCOURSE: A natural or man-made channel through which water flows or a stream of water, including a river, brook, or underground stream.

WETLAND RESOURCE AREA: Areas specified in either the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act G.L. c. 131, § 40 or in Burlington's Wetland Bylaw (Article XIV).

WETLANDS: Areas characterized by saturated or nearly saturated soils most of the year that are located between terrestrial (land-based) and aquatic (water-based) environments including freshwater

marshes around ponds and channels (rivers and streams). Common names include marshes, swamps, and bogs.

6.2 Detailed Objectives

This Bylaw complies with Federal and state statutes and regulations relating to stormwater discharges including total maximum daily load requirements and with the General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems in Massachusetts, issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (“MS4 Permit”). It is intended to:

- ~~a. Protect ground water and surface water to prevent degradation of drinking water supply;~~
- a. Protect ground water and surface water to prevent degradation of drinking water supply;
- b. Require practices that eliminate soil erosion and sedimentation and control the volume and rate of stormwater runoff resulting from land-disturbing activities;
- c. Promote infiltration and the recharge of groundwater;
- d. Ensure that soil erosion and sedimentation control measures and stormwater runoff control practices are incorporated into the site planning and design process and are implemented and maintained;
- e. Require practices to control waste such as discarded building materials, concrete truck washout, chemicals, litter, and sanitary waste at a construction site that may cause adverse impacts to water quality;
- f. Establish minimum construction and post-construction stormwater management standards and design criteria for the regulation and control of stormwater runoff quantity and quality;
- g. Prevent pollutants from entering the Burlington MS4 and to minimize discharge of pollutants from the MS4;
- h. Ensure adequate long-term operation and maintenance of structural stormwater best management practices so that stormwater structures work as designed;
- i. Comply with Federal and state statutes and regulations relating to stormwater discharges; and
- j. Establish the legal authority for the Town of Burlington to ensure compliance with the provisions of this Bylaw through inspection, monitoring, and enforcement.
- ~~j-k. Prevent flooding and erosion to abutting properties~~

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6.3 Authority

This Bylaw is adopted under authority granted by the Home Rule Amendment of the Massachusetts Constitution, the Home Rule statutes and pursuant to the regulations of the Federal Clean Water Act found at 40 CFR 122.34.

6.4 Applicability

No person may undertake any ~~construction activity that results in a~~ land-disturbing activity that results in an increase in impervious surface of 500 square feet or more or disturbs equal to or greater than 5,000 square feet of land, that drains to

- the Burlington municipal separate storm sewer system, or
- onto an adjacent property, or
- into a municipal / private street, or
- into a wetland / stream

without ~~an~~ either an Abbreviated or Standard Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit from ~~either the Burlington Conservation Commission or the Burlington Planning Board~~. Segmenting projects part of a larger common plan of development or sale to avoid thresholds shall not be permitted.

Exemptions from the requirement to obtain a permit (under this Bylaw) are:

- a. Roadway projects that do not remove existing pavement down to underlying dirt/soil (i.e. mill and overlay) as they are not land-disturbing redevelopment activities;
- b. Normal maintenance and improvement of land in agricultural use as defined by the Wetlands Protection Act regulation 310 CMR 10.04

~~c. Maintenance of existing landscaping, gardens or lawn areas associated with a single family dwelling conducted in such a way as not to cause alteration of existing grades by more than one foot in elevation, or alteration of drainage patterns or a nuisance, provided that such maintenance is not adding new Impervious Surface to the Site, not including sheds~~ disturbing less than 10,000 square feet; Routine landscaping activities as defined above.

~~e.d.~~ The construction of fencing or another barrier that will not substantially alter existing terrain or drainage patterns; Construction of utilities other than drainage (gas, water, electric, cable, telephone, etc.) which will not alter terrain or drainage pattern;

~~d.e.~~ As authorized in Burlington's Phase II Small MS4 General Permit, stormwater discharges resulting from the activities identified in Section 6.4 that are wholly subject to jurisdiction under either the Wetlands Protection Act or activities which are subject to Burlington's Bylaw Article XIV and demonstrate compliance with the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Regulations as reflected in an Order of Conditions issued by the Burlington Conservation Commission, are exempt from compliance with this Bylaw.

6.5 Responsibility for Administration

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The Burlington Conservation Commission shall be the lead agency that may grant waivers and promulgate regulations to support this Bylaw as specified in Sections 6.5.2 and 6.5.3 below.

~~The Burlington Conservation Commission and the Burlington Planning Board shall have shared responsibilities to administer and implement this Bylaw.~~ Any powers granted to, or duties imposed upon either the Burlington Conservation Commission ~~or the Burlington Planning Board~~ may be delegated to their respective employees and/or their agents, and with mutual concurrence these duties may be delegated to each other's respective employees and/or their agents.

6.5.1 Waiver

The Burlington Conservation Commission shall be the lead agency to grant a waiver of compliance with this Bylaw. The Commission, with input from the Planning Board and/or Board of Health, may waive strict compliance with any requirement of this Bylaw or the rules and regulations promulgated hereunder, where:

1. Such action is allowed by Federal, state, and local statutes and/or regulations; and
2. is in the public interest; and
3. is not inconsistent with the purpose and intent of this Bylaw.

6.5.2 Rules and Regulations

6.5.2.1 The Burlington Conservation Commission shall be the lead agency to initiate a change to this Bylaw. The Burlington Conservation Commission ~~working with input from the Burlington Planning Board~~ may adopt, and periodically amend, rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of this Bylaw, by majority vote of the Burlington Conservation Commission, after conducting a public hearing to receive comments on any proposed revisions. Such hearing dates shall be advertised in a newspaper of general local circulation, at least seven (7) days prior to the hearing date.

6.5.2.2 Failure by the Burlington Conservation Commission to promulgate such rules and regulations shall not have the effect of suspending or invalidating this Bylaw.

6.6 Standard Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit

6.6.1 Application for Standard Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit

6.6.1.1 The site owner or his/her agent shall file with the Burlington Conservation Commission three (3) copies of a completed application package for a Standard Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit. Permit issuance is required prior to any site-altering activity. While the Applicant can be a representative of the site owner, the permittee must be the owner of the site.

6.6.1.2 Standard Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control Application Package

The Standard Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Application package shall include:

- a. a completed Application Form with original signatures of all owners plus two (2) copies of the signed form;

~~b.~~ a list of abutters within three hundred feet of the proposed activity, certified by the Assessor's Office;

~~b-c.~~ Proof of any Test pits witnessed by a Licensed Soil Evaluator;

~~e-d.~~ three (3) copies of the Stormwater Management Plan, stamped by a Professional Civil Engineer, and project description referenced in Section 6.6.2 of this Bylaw;

~~e-e.~~ three (3) copies of the Stormwater and Erosion and Sediment Control Plan, stamped by a Professional Civil Engineer, as referenced in Section 6.6.3 of this Bylaw;

~~f.~~ three (3) copies of the Operation and Maintenance Plan, stamped by a Professional Civil Engineer, as referenced by Section 6.6.4 of this Bylaw;

~~e-g.~~ if a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) must be prepared in connection with the project, a copy of that SWPPP;

~~f-h.~~ one (1) electronic copy of the complete package; and

~~e-i.~~ payment of the application fees.

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6.6.2 Stormwater Management Plan

The Stormwater Management Plan shall contain sufficient information for the issuing Commission/Board to evaluate the environmental impact, effectiveness, and acceptability of the measures proposed by the Applicant for reducing adverse impacts from stormwater. The Plan shall be designed to meet the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards (or as revised), the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Handbook Volumes I and II (or as revised), and any specific regulations promulgated under this Bylaw.

Tree removals should be limited to the maximum extent feasible. The Commission reserves the right to require replacement of trees removed.

6.6.2.1 Stormwater Management Plan Content

The Stormwater Management Plan shall fully describe the project in drawings and narrative. The Stormwater Management Plan shall conform to any detail provided in either regulations or policies promulgated under this Bylaw. The Conservation Administrator may, at his/her discretion, waive some detail requirements described below as long as in his/her opinion, the goals and objectives of this Bylaw are not compromised.

6.6.2.2 Standards

The Stormwater Management Plan shall meet the current Standards of the Massachusetts Stormwater ~~Management Policy-Regulations~~ and the MS4 permit requirements of the Town of Burlington. When one or more of the standards cannot be met, an Applicant may demonstrate an equivalent level of environmental protection will be provided. This determination shall be at the discretion of the Conservation Commission.

6.6.3 Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan

The Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan contained within the Stormwater Management Plan shall contain sufficient information to describe the proposed erosion and sedimentation controls. The Applicant shall submit such material as is necessary to show the proposed development will comply with the design requirements referenced in Section 6.6.3.2 below. The Conservation Administrator may, at his/her discretion, waive some detail requirements described below as long as, in his/her opinion, the goals and objectives of this Bylaw are not compromised.

6.6.3.1 Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Content

The Plan shall at a minimum contain the following information:

- a. Names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the owner, applicant, and person(s) or firm(s) preparing the plan;
- b. Title, date, north arrow, names of abutters, scale, legend, and locus map;
- c. Location and description of natural features.
- d. Location of all existing and proposed building and impervious surfaces.
- e. Design details for both temporary and permanent erosion control structures.
- f. Suitable contours for the existing and proposed topography.
- g. All trees 8" or greater in diameter showing the location of the trunk, a notation of the diameter and species, and the approximate edge of the canopy drawn to scale. All trees that are proposed to be removed and all protected trees that are proposed to be saved should be identified on the plan.
- h. Monitoring wells (if applicable)
- e-i. Estimated Seasonal High Groundwater Table (ESHGWT): The estimated highest level to a zone of saturation in the soil in most years under normal wet season, as determined by a qualified soil scientist or licensed soil evaluator.

6.6.3.2 Standards

The Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must conform to the details of any regulations and policies promulgated under this Bylaw.

6.6.4 Operations and Maintenance Plan

Operation and Maintenance plan (O&M Plan) is required as part of the Stormwater Management Plan at the time of application for all projects. Upon request by the Applicant, the issuing Commission/Board may delay the completion date of the O&M plan, but in all cases, the O&M Plan must be submitted and approved prior to the completion of the project and before any occupancy takes place.

6.6.4.1 Content

The O&M Plan shall remain on file with the issuing Commission/Board and shall be an ongoing requirement for the Responsible Parties in perpetuity. The details of the O&M Plan shall conform to the requirements of any regulations and policies promulgated under this Bylaw. The O&M Plan shall, at a minimum, include:

- A. The name(s) of the owner(s) for all components of the system;
- B. Detail of maintenance agreements;
- C. Detail on stormwater management easement(s);
- D. Changes to O&M Plans
 - 1. The owner(s) of the stormwater management system must notify the issuing Commission/Board of changes in ownership or assignment of financial responsibility.
 - 2. The maintenance schedule in the Maintenance Agreement may be amended to achieve the purposes of this Bylaw by mutual agreement of the issuing Commission/Board and the Responsible Parties. Amendments must be in writing and signed by all Responsible Parties. Responsible Parties shall include owner(s), persons with financial responsibility, and persons with operational responsibility.

6.6.4.2 Standards

The O&M plan shall be designed to ensure compliance with the Permit and this Bylaw and that the Massachusetts Surface Water Quality Standards, 314, CMR 4.00 are met in all seasons and throughout the life of the system. The issuing Commission/Board shall make the final decision of what maintenance option is appropriate in a given situation. The issuing Commission/Board will consider natural features, proximity of site to water bodies and wetlands, extent of impervious surfaces, size of the site, the types of stormwater management structures, and potential need for ongoing maintenance activities when making this decision.

6.6.4.3 Recording

The O&M Plan for a project with a Standard ~~Stormwater Erosion & Sedimentation Control~~ Permit shall be recorded at the Southern Middlesex Registry of Deeds prior to occupancy. The Applicant shall provide proof to the issuing Commission/Board that the O&M Plan has been filed.

6.6.5 Public Hearing

6.6.5.1 Within seven (7) days of the filing date, the Burlington Conservation Commission (through its agent) shall make a determination on whether to schedule a formal hearing before the Commission, ~~or shall delegate its authority under this Bylaw to the Burlington Planning Board. In either case, a formal public hearing is required.~~ This determination shall be made based on an assessment of the potential for sedimentation and erosion from the proposed land-disturbing activity (including grubbing, clearing and/or grading). The Commission's agent shall give consideration to the original and proposed grading of the site, existing slopes, the presence of intermittent streams or channels, the size of the site, and/or other factors which may contribute to runoff and erosion potential. ~~Proposed projects where routine erosion and sedimentation controls are needed, will be referred to the Burlington Planning Board for a simultaneous hearing for this permit with other matters in connection with this project. This action will expedite the permitting process for an Applicant who must appear before the Burlington Planning Board for other matters in connection with the proposed work.~~

~~6.6.5.2 If the Burlington Conservation Commission or its agent delegates its authority under this Bylaw to the Burlington Planning Board, the staff of the Burlington Conservation Commission shall transfer the original application package (and associated copies) to the Burlington Planning Board office. The Burlington Conservation Commission shall also notify the Applicant in writing of the Commission's decision to refer this application to the~~

~~Burlington Planning Board. The Applicant shall also be notified the hearing will be scheduled before the Burlington Planning Board within twenty one (21) days of the receipt of a complete application or at a time to coincide with other regulatory matters which are being heard by the Board on the same project.~~

6.6.5 ~~23~~ The ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ shall hold a public hearing within twenty-one (21) days of the receipt of a complete application (or a greater timeframe as mutually agreed upon) and shall take final action within either twenty-one (21) days from the time of the close of the hearing or within such longer time period mutually agreed to by both the Commission/~~Board~~ and the Applicant to coincide with other regulatory decisions on the same project. Notice of the public hearing shall be given by publication and posting, and by first-class mailings to abutters (owners of land within three hundred feet from the boundary of the site) at least seven (7) days prior to the hearing. The issuing Commission/Board shall make the application available for inspection by the public during business hours at the issuing Commission/Board office.

6.7 ~~Abbreviated Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit~~

The site owner or his/her agent shall file with the Burlington Conservation Commission two (2) copies of a completed application package for an Abbreviated Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit. Permit issuance is required prior to any site-altering activity. While the Applicant can be a representative of the site owner, the permittee must be the owner of the site.

6.7.1 Content

The application package shall contain an Application Form and a Stormwater Management/Erosion and Sediment Control Plan. The Stormwater Management/Erosion Control Plan shall at a minimum contain sufficient information to describe the existing and proposed features of the land including structures, vegetation, and drainage and anticipated maintenance requirements of structures. The Stormwater Management/Erosion Control Plan shall also contain sufficient information to describe the proposed erosion and sedimentation controls and to show the proposed development will comply with the design requirements referenced in Section 6.6.3.2.

For projects proposing an increase in impervious surface 700 square feet or more or for projects with a total land disturbance of 7,000 square feet or more, or for projects including any filling of more than 6", the Stormwater and Erosion and Sediment Control Plan must be stamped by a Professional Civil Engineer, as referenced in Section 6.6.3 of this Bylaw.

6.7.2 Standards

The Stormwater Management/Erosion Control Plan shall conform to any detail provided in either regulations or policies promulgated under this Bylaw. At a minimum all projects shall comply with the performance standards of the most recent version of the DEP stormwater management standards and The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook, to the extent practicable, and this Bylaw.

6.7.3 Abbreviated ~~Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit Issuance

Within seven (7) days of the filing date, the agent of the Burlington Conservation Commission will issue an Abbreviated ~~Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit under this Bylaw. No public meeting or hearing shall be required for sites in this category. For sites in this size category not adequately covered by the Abbreviated ~~Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit, additional special conditions may be appended by the Commission. The Commission may extend the seven (7) day turnaround time for issuing the Abbreviated ~~Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit for reasons of insufficient information of which the Applicant has been notified in writing.

6.7.4 Project Completion for an Abbreviated Stormwater Permit

Upon completion of the project under an Abbreviated Stormwater Permit for projects proposing an increase in impervious surface 700 square feet or more or for projects with a total land disturbance of 7,000 square feet or more, or for projects including any filling of more than 6", the Applicant shall provide certification from a Professional Engineer that stormwater management features were installed as designed. Upon completion of small projects not requiring a stamped plan for permit issuance, the Applicant shall request an inspection by the issuing Authority project.

6.8 Performance Standards

6.8.1 Performance Standards for all projects subject to ~~either~~ a Standard Stormwater Permit

6.8.1.1 At a minimum all projects ~~subject to a Standard Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit~~ shall comply with the performance standards of the most recent version of the Massachusetts stormwater management standards and The Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook, and this Bylaw.

6.8.1.2 All projects must consider and, unless infeasible, propose and implement Low Impact Development (LID) Best Management Practices listed in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. Applicants shall demonstrate compliance with design standards for LID BMPs through generally accepted methods. LID BMPs should be considered for their improvements to water quality, and ability to handle water quantity.

6.8.1.3 Except as expressly provided, impacts from all projects, and the design of treatment and infiltration practices and BMPs, shall meet the Standards set forth in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. Where an inconsistency exists between state requirements and this Bylaw, the stricter standards shall apply.

6.8.1.4 All projects shall be designed such that the post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 2, 10, 25 and 100-year 24-hour Type III storm event. Projects shall also be designed to ensure that post-development discharge volumes do not exceed pre-development values. The use of infiltration and LID techniques for such purposes is preferred.

6.8.1.5 All projects shall, at a minimum, utilize the 90% confidence interval of the 24-hour rainfall data taken from the NOAA Atlas 14 Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates unless the Massachusetts DEP Stormwater Management Standards adopts newer sources for 24-hour rainfall data.

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6.8.2 Additional Performance Standards for New Development and Redevelopment projects disturbing more than one acre

6.8.~~2.13~~ Stormwater management systems on new development disturbing more than one acre shall be designed to meet an average annual pollutant removal equivalent to 90% of the average annual load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) related to the total post-construction impervious area on the site AND 60% of the average annual load of Total Phosphorus (TP) related to the total post-construction impervious surface area on the site.

6.8.~~2.24~~ Stormwater management systems on redevelopment sites disturbing more than one acre shall be designed to meet an average annual pollutant removal equivalent to 80% of the average annual post-construction load of Total Suspended Solids (TSS) related to the total post-construction impervious area on the site AND 50% of the average annual load of Total Phosphorus (TP) related to the total post-construction impervious surface area on the site.

6.8.~~2.35~~ When determining whether the requirements have been met, the issuing commission/board shall consider all stormwater management practices available and capable of being implemented after taking into consideration costs, existing technology, proposed use, and logistics in light of overall project purposes. Project purposes shall be defined generally (e.g., single family home or expansion of a commercial development). Applicants shall detail how the project will:

- a. Comply with the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards as further defined in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook or its successor;
- b. Implement structural and non-structural stormwater best management practices (BMPs) for projects that discharge, directly or indirectly, to a water body subject to one or more pollutant-specific Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs). These practices shall be consistent with each such TMDL;
- c. Implement structural and non-structural stormwater BMPs optimized to remove the pollutant(s) responsible for the impairment to the extent the project will discharge, directly or indirectly, to an impaired water body not subject to a TMDL;
- d. Avoid disturbance of areas susceptible to erosion and sediment loss;
- e. Use Low Impact Development (LID) techniques where adequate soil, groundwater and topographic conditions allow. These may include, but not limited to, reduction in impervious surfaces, disconnection of impervious surfaces, bioretention (rain gardens), and infiltration systems.

6.8.~~2.46~~ Redevelopment activities exclusively limited to maintenance and improvement of existing roadways (excavating down to dirt/soil), including widening less than a single lane, adding shoulders, correcting substandard intersections, improving existing drainage systems, and repaving projects shall only be required to improve existing drainage conditions where feasible.

6.8.~~2.57~~ Further criteria for Stormwater Management Standards shall be defined and included as part of any Rules and Regulations promulgated under Section 6.5.~~23~~ of this Bylaw.

6.9 Entry

Filing an application for a permit grants the issuing Commission/Board and its agents permission to enter the site to verify the information in the application.

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6.10 Fee Structure

6.10.1 Standard ~~Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit fee

The issuing Commission/Board shall obtain with each submission an Application Fee. The fee shall be established by the Burlington Conservation ~~Commission with input from the Burlington Planning Board~~ to cover expenses connected with the public hearing and application review for the ~~Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Stormwater Permit and a technical Review Fee (if requested by the Commission/~~Board~~) sufficient to cover professional technical review, if needed. The Commission/~~Board~~ is authorized to retain a Registered Professional Engineer or other professional consultant to advise the ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ on any or all aspects of these plans as provided by G.L.c. 44, Section 53G. Applicants must pay all review fees due before a permit will be issued. The Commission/~~Board~~ will not be subject to final action deadlines if the appropriate fees have not been paid.

6.10.2 Abbreviated ~~Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit fee

The Commission will establish a reduced fee schedule.

6.11 Information requests

The Applicant shall submit all additional information requested by ~~the~~issuing Commission/~~Board~~ to issue a decision on the application.

6.12 Approval Process for a Standard ~~Stormwater Erosion Control~~ Permit

The ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ may:

1. Issue ~~a~~ ~~Standard Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit based upon a determination the proposed plan meets the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards referenced by Section 6.6.2.2, adequately protects the water resources of the community, and complies with the requirements set forth in this Bylaw;
2. Issue ~~a~~ ~~Standard Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit subject to any conditions, modifications or restrictions required by the ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ which will ensure the project meets the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards referenced by Section 6.6.2.2 and adequately protect water resources; set forth in this Bylaw;
3. Disapprove the issuance of a ~~Standard Stormwater and n Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit based upon a determination the proposed plan as submitted does not meet the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Standards referenced by Sections 6.6.4.2, 6.6.6.2, 6.7.2 or 6.8 or adequately protect surface and/or groundwater resources as set forth in this Bylaw.

Failure of the ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ to take final action upon an application within either twenty-one (21) days from the time of the close of the hearing or within such longer time period mutually agreed to by both the Commission/~~Board~~ and the Applicant to coincide with other regulatory decisions on the same project; shall be deemed to be approval of said Application.

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6.13 Project Changes for a Standard Stormwater Permit

The permittee must notify the ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ in writing of any drainage change or alteration in the system authorized in a ~~Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit before any change or alteration is made. If the ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ determines the change or alteration is significant, based on the Stormwater Management Standards in Sections 6.6.6.2, 6.6.4.2, 6.7.2 or 6.8 of this Bylaw and accepted construction practices, the ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ may require an amended application be filed and a public hearing held. The ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ may also require the installation of interim erosion and sedimentation control measures before approving the change or alteration.

6.14 Project Completion for a Standard Stormwater Permit

Upon completion of the project under a Standard Stormwater Permit, the permittee shall submit as-built record drawings of all structural stormwater controls and best management practices implemented for the site. The as-built drawing shall show deviations from the approved plans, if any, and be certified by a Registered Professional Engineer.

6.15 Inspection and Site Supervision

6.15.1 Pre-construction Meeting

When requested, prior to the start of clearing, excavation, construction, or land-disturbing activity, the Applicant, the Applicant's technical representative, the general contractor, or any other person with authority to make changes to the project shall meet with the ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ to review the permitted plans and their implementation.

6.15.2 Commission/~~Board~~ Inspections

6.15.2.1 Commission Inspections

To the extent permitted by state law, or if authorized by the owner or other party in control of the property, the Commission, its agents, officers, and employees may enter upon privately owned property for the purpose of performing their duties under this Bylaw and may make, or cause to be made, such examinations, surveys or sampling as the Commission deems reasonably necessary to determine compliance with the permit. The ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ or its designated agents shall make inspections as needed and shall either approve any portion of the work completed or shall notify the permittee wherein the work fails to comply with the ~~Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control~~ Permit as approved.

~~6.15.2.2 If inspections are required by the Commission/~~Board~~, the permittee shall notify the issuing Commission/~~Board~~ at least two (2) working days before each of the following events:~~

- ~~a. Erosion and sediment control measures are in place and stabilized;~~
- ~~b. Site clearing has been substantially completed;~~
- ~~c. Rough grading has been substantially completed;~~
- ~~d. Final grading has been substantially completed;~~
- ~~e. Close of the construction season; and~~
- ~~f. Final landscaping (permanent stabilization) and project final completion.~~

6.15.2.3 Permittee Self-Inspections

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The permittee or his/her agent ~~may be required to shall~~ conduct and document inspections of all control measures no less than weekly or as specified in the permit, and prior to and following anticipated storm events. The purpose of such inspections shall be to determine the overall effectiveness of the control plan and the need for maintenance or additional control measures. The permittee or his/her agent shall submit weekly reports to the ~~issuing Commission/Board~~ or designated agent in a format approved by the ~~issuing Commission/Board~~, which may include the signature of the Professional Engineer if required by the ~~issuing Commission/Board~~.

6.15.4 Access Permission

~~To the extent permitted by state law, or if authorized by the owner or other party in control of the property, the issuing Commission/Board, its agents, officers, and employees may enter upon privately owned property for the purpose of performing their duties under this Bylaw and may make, or cause to be made, such examinations, surveys or sampling as the issuing Commission/Board deems reasonably necessary to determine compliance with the permit.~~

6.16 Surety

As part of any ~~Standard Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit~~, the issuing ~~Authority Commission/Board shall may~~ require the permittee to post before the start of land-disturbing activity a cash surety. The bond shall be in an amount deemed sufficient by the ~~issuing Commission/Board~~ to ensure that the work will be completed in accordance with the permit. For a phased project the ~~issuing Commission/Board~~ may release part of the bond upon completion of each phase in compliance with the permit. The amount released shall be at the discretion of the ~~issuing Commission/Board~~. However, the bond may not be fully released until the ~~issuing Commission/Board~~ has received the final report as required by Section 6.17 and issued a certificate of completion. A bond for an Abbreviated Stormwater Permit may be released once project is complete and site is permanently stabilized.

6.17 Final Reports

Upon completion of the work ~~under a Standard Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit~~ and if required by the ~~issuing Commission/Board~~, the permittee shall submit a report (including certified as-built construction plans) from a Professional Engineer (P.E.) ~~or~~ or surveyor, certifying that all erosion and sediment control devices, and approved changes and modifications, have been completed in accordance with the conditions of the approved permit. Any discrepancies should be noted in the cover letter. ▲

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6.18 Enforcement

The ~~Burlington Planning Board and~~ Burlington Conservation Commission and their employees and agents shall enforce this Bylaw, regulations, orders, violation notices, and enforcement orders, and may pursue all civil and criminal remedies for such violations. Persons subject to enforcement under this Bylaw include:

- a. All permittees who have been issued a Standard ~~Stormwater and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit~~;

- b. All permittees who have been issued an Abbreviated Stormwater Erosion and Sedimentation Control Permit; and
- c. All other persons who have engaged in a land-disturbing activity as defined in this Bylaw ~~as greater than 500 square feet~~, who have caused substantial erosion and sedimentation due to alteration of drainage characteristics, grading, grubbing, clearing, and/or stripping of soil.

6.18.1 Orders:

~~6.17.1.1~~ The ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ or an authorized agent of the ~~issuing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ may issue a written order to enforce the provisions of this Bylaw or the regulations thereunder which may include:

- a. A requirement to cease and desist from the land-disturbing activity until there is compliance with this Bylaw and its provisions of any permit issued;
- b. Maintenance, installation or performance of additional erosion and sediment control measures;
- c. Monitoring, analyses, and reporting;
- d. Remediation of erosion and sedimentation resulting directly or indirectly from the land-disturbing activity;
- ~~d-e.~~ Regrading, installation of additional erosion controls, replacement of vegetation, or other remedial actions as determined by the issuing authority
- ~~e-f.~~ Elimination of illicit connections or discharges to the MS4; and
- g. Elimination of discharges to the MS4 or, directly or indirectly, into a watercourse or into the waters of the Commonwealth.

f. 6.18.2 Compliance With Enforcement Orders

~~6.17.1.2~~ If the ~~enforcing~~ Commission/~~Board~~ or its agents determines abatement or remediation of erosion and sedimentation is required, the order shall set forth a deadline by which such abatement or remediation must be completed. Said order shall further advise that, should the violator or property owner fail to abate or perform remediation within the specified deadline, the Commission/~~Board~~ may under this Bylaw and subsequent regulation promulgated hereunder impose a fine on a daily basis until such time as the abatement or remediation of erosion and sedimentation has been completed. The Town of Burlington, at its option, may seek a court order requiring the property owner to perform the work.

6.18.32 Criminal Penalty

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Any person who violates any provision of this Bylaw, regulation, order, or permit issued thereunder shall be punished by a fine. Each day or part thereof that such violation occurs or continues shall constitute a separate offense.

6.18.43 Non-Criminal Disposition

As an alternative to criminal prosecution or civil action, the Town of Burlington may elect to utilize the non-criminal disposition procedure set forth in G.L. Ch. 40, in which case the Conservation Administrator of Burlington shall be the enforcing agent. The penalty for the first violation shall be \$100 each day or part thereof such violation occurs. The penalty for the second violation shall be \$300 each day or part thereof such violation occurs. The penalty for subsequent violations shall be \$300 each day or part thereof for every day such violation occurs. For the purposes of issuing a non-criminal disposition penalty, both the ~~Burlington Planning Board Director and~~ Burlington Conservation Commission Administrator are named as the specific enforcing agents.

6.18.45 Appeals

The decisions or orders of the ~~issuing~~ Commission ~~Board~~ shall be final. Further relief shall be to a court of competent jurisdiction.

6.18.65 Remedies Not Exclusive

The remedies listed in this Bylaw are not exclusive of any other remedies available under any applicable Federal, state, or local law.

6.19 Certificate of Completion

Upon determining all work completed under a Standard permit has been satisfactorily completed in conformance with this Bylaw and the Permit, and all required documentation has been submitted per Section 6.14, the issuing authority shall issue a Certificate of Completion. This Certificate shall identify any continuing requirements. The Certificate of Completion shall stipulate the permit holder is to remove required erosion controls unless changed or waived by the Conservation Administrator within thirty (30) days of the date on the Certificate.

6.20 Severability

If any provision, paragraph, sentence, or clause of this Bylaw shall be held invalid for any reason, all other provisions shall continue in full force and effect.